

# CERN caused The Mandela Effect - pt.1

## Theory

I have a theory that CERN causes the destruction of pieces of the universe, represented by quantum fields, every time they run the LHC. Then, the quantum fields shift to the closest Multiverse timeline, while our consciousness is not affected by it at all.

I want to present to you my theory, which is different than what I read here - that CERN destroyed the entire universe. I don't believe that to be true.

This is going to be long, but it is worth it if you can keep up!

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## (I) Timeline

**Sep 10, 2008** - CERN launched the [Large Hadron Collider \(LHC\)](#), the world's largest and most powerful particle accelerator.

**2009** - [Fiona Broome](#) stumbled onto the Mandela Effect in a private conversation at Dragon Con in the guest speakers' lounge (aka "the green room"). That's when and where the phrase started. Then she went home and started [this website](#), to see who else — besides her — remembered the three-day media coverage of Nelson Mandela's funeral when he was still in prison.

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## (II) Quantum Mechanics - QA

Before we move on, we need to learn some Quantum Mechanics...

### What is Quantum Entanglement?

Quantum entanglement is when two particles link together in a certain way no matter how far apart they are in space. Their state remains the same.

[\[source\]](#)

### Is it possible for more than two particles to be entangled in a quantum way?

Yes, you can have as many entangled particles as you want.

[\[source\]](#)

Physicists set a new record and entangled 15 trillion of atoms.

[\[source\]](#)

### Is the entire universe entangled?

Modern cosmology suggests that most of the particles in the visible universe exhibit a high degree of entanglement with degrees of freedom far beyond our horizon volume.

[\[source\]](#) (Everything Is Entangled 2012)

### What happens if you destroy one of the entangled particles?

Nothing. (Note: At least nothing we can see)

[\[source\]](#)

### **What is quantum field theory?**

quantum field theory, body of physical principles combining the elements of quantum mechanics with those of relativity to explain the behaviour of subatomic particles and their interactions via a variety of force fields.

[\[source\]](#)

### **What is space-time symmetry?**

Space-time symmetries set restrictions on the way objects behave inside the quantum field. Each symmetry forces the field to respect the conservation of a certain quantity over time. To obey relativity, our field must respect the conservation of energy, momentum, angular momentum and velocity of the center of mass

[\[source\]](#)

### **What is the law of conservation?**

The law of conservation of energy states that energy and matter can neither be created nor destroyed - only converted from one form of energy to another.

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## **(III) Large Hadron Collider (LHC) - QA**

Next, let's understand CERN's Large Hadron Collider...

### **How many collision of particles the LHC does?**

The LHC collide bunches of around 100 billion protons at a rate of 40 million collisions per second.

[\[source\]](#)

### **What happens to particles after LHC collision?**

When protons meet during an LHC collision, they break apart and the quarks and gluons come spilling out. They interact and pull more quarks and gluons out of space, eventually forming a shower of fast-moving hadrons.

[\[source\]](#)

### **What is the Higgs Boson (God particle)?**

The Higgs boson is the fundamental particle associated with the Higgs field, a field that gives mass to other fundamental particles such as electrons and quarks.

[\[source\]](#)

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## **(IV) Quarks - QA**

Lastly, let's understand quarks...

## What are Quarks?

A quark is a type of elementary particle and a fundamental constituent of matter. Quarks combine to form composite particles called hadrons, [\[source\]](#)

## Can a quark be destroyed?

Like any matter particle, a quark may be destroyed by its antiparticle, leaving photons. [\[source\]](#)

## If matter can't be created or destroyed, how do pairs of quarks just "pop" into existence?

There is energy in the field between the two quarks. As you pull the quarks apart, you are doing work on the system, and so increasing its energy. Eventually, that energy is large enough to create a quark-antiquark pair.

[\[source\]](#)

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## (V) Theory Summary

- The LHC collide bunches of around 100 billion protons at a rate of 40 million collisions per second.
- Every collision breaks a particle into quarks.
- Every particle is connected to a large group of particles that is represented by a quantum field.
- Assumption: When you destroy a particle, you delete the information of its properties. All the entangled particles to the destroyed particle will be destroyed because they share the same state/properties.
- **But** the law of conservation of energy states that energy and matter can neither be created nor destroyed - only converted from one form of energy to another. So the other particles of the quantum field cannot be destroyed, they can just change to something else or move to another place.
- Assumption: The quantum field is shifting to the next parallel universe that is the closest to us. The shifting occurs immediately, so we can't see that anything has occurred.

## Quantum fields are shifting to a parallel universe is caused due to one of the following events:

1. A particle breaks into quarks
2. Particle/Quark is destroyed by its antiparticle
3. Breaking the Higgs Boson (more likely to cause a larger change if the assumptions are correct)

The Mandela effect is the result of multiple shifting of pieces of the universe (quantum fields) to the closest Multiverse timeline, due to CERN experiments, while our consciousness is not affected at all - because our consciousness is not affected by changes in our physical reality.

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The thought of the Multiverse might sound weird to you, and hard to imagine. How do parallel

universes coexist? Why and how did the shift to the next closest parallel universe occur?

I will explain my theory about it in part 2.

**TL; TR - The Mandela effect is the result of multiple shifting of pieces of the universe (quantum fields) to a parallel universe, due to CERN experiments**

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**EDIT:** I have so many thoughts about how this needs to be researched, that it came out not well organized. So I probably need to rewrite this post after some insights from this discussion. I know some of you are now thinking, please don't write again... I will be happy to annoy you again.

**But the point is - The loss of information and how it affects its entire quantum field.** If you look at the Delayed Choice Quantum Eraser (DCQE) - you can see that you can cause entangled particles to act like waves of probabilities without the need for an LHC. You can do this in an experiment with a simple setup.

In the LHC, many things occur billions of times a second - Particle breaks, Higgs-Bozon breaks, Annihilation of particles, etc. This is not the same as the setup of the DCQE experiment, but one of the processes above might cause a loss of information, causing uncertainty and the particle to become waves of probabilities again. What I mentioned has never been studied, because we can reproduce such behavior only in the LHC, and it is relatively new.

I will leave you with one final thought - if Higgs-Bozons are so rare and are the building block of the universe, and the Higgs field gives mass to fundamental particles such as electrons and quarks... just think how huge the quantum field of this particle is.

Now, the question is - if breaking a particle will cause a loss of information, and then its entire quantum field becomes waves of probabilities (see [space-time symmetries](#)), what will happen after breaking the Higgs Bozon? **I think that there is a possibility that a huge quantum field will lose its entire data.** The DCQE experiment shows that one particle affects its twin particle to become a wave... this behavior and space-time symmetry, suggest that the entire field will become a wave, or in other words - causes matter to disappear from our reality.